



Adaptive Construction for Surrogate-based Inference

POLETTE Nadège, *CEA DAM DIF/Mines Paris PSL*

Supervisors:

SOCHALA Pierre, *CEA DAM DIF*

GESRET Alexandrine, *Mines Paris PSL*

LE MAÎTRE Olivier, *CMAP, CNRS*



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1. Context: Detection and analysis of seismic events

Global scale

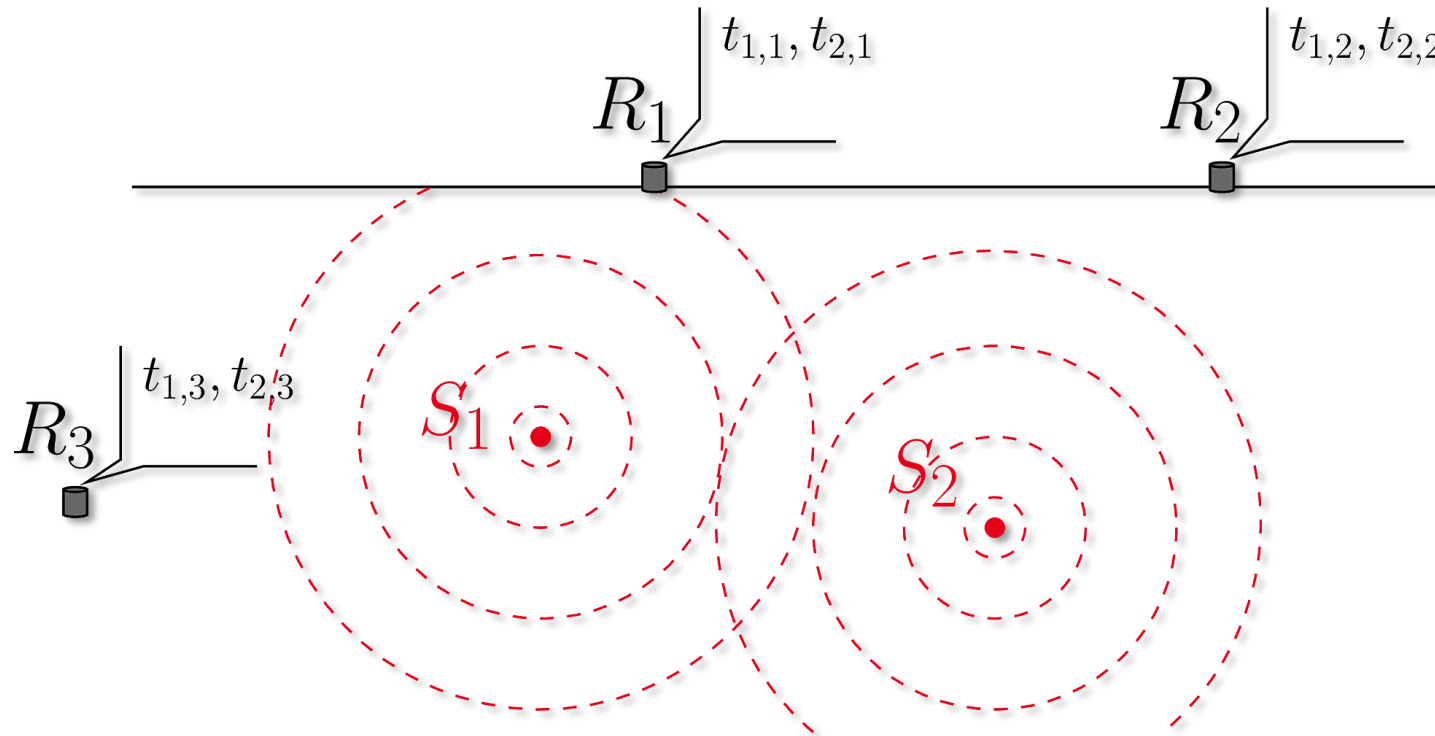
- International treaties (CTBT, NTP)
- Environment monitoring (IMS)

Regional scale

- Tsunami and earthquake alerts
- Risk prevention

Local scale

- Subsurface knowledge
- Exploitation



1. Context: Detection and analysis of seismic events

Global scale

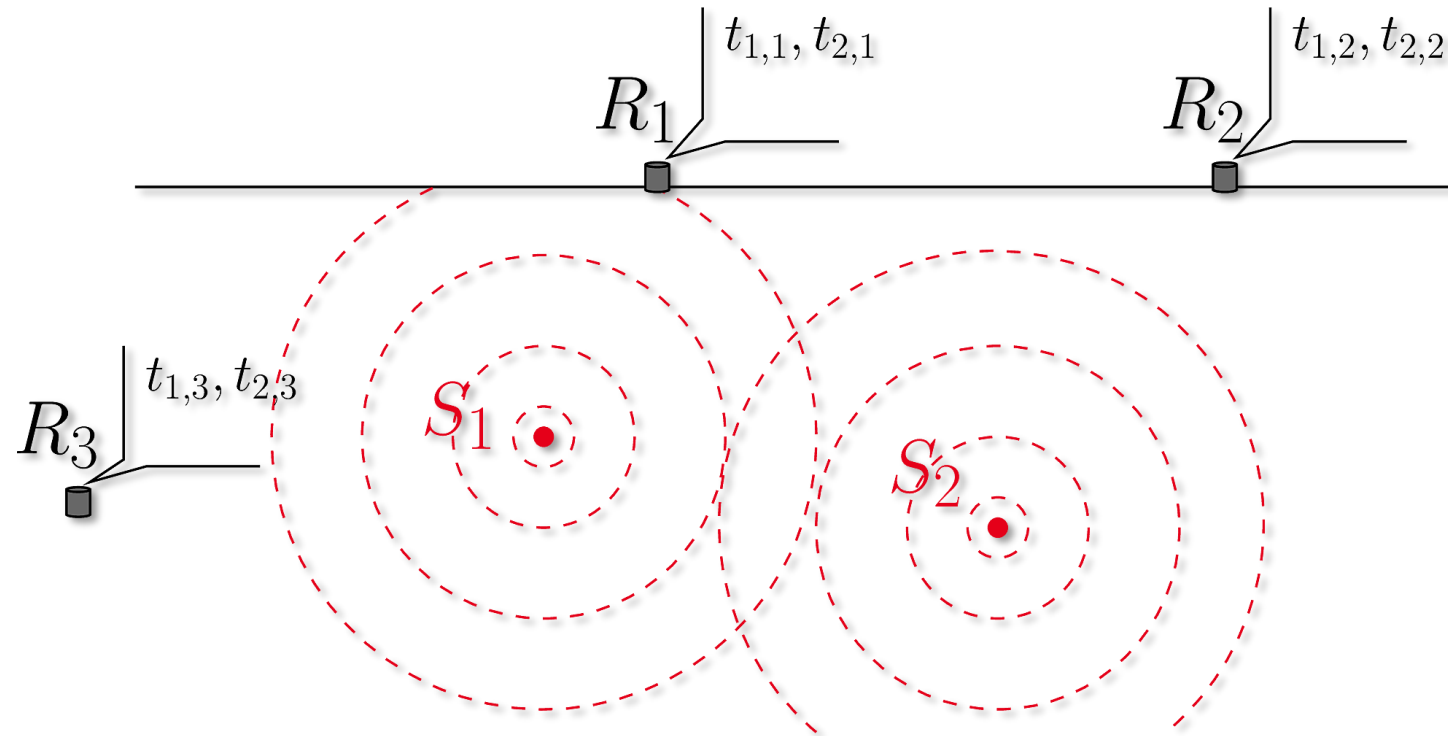
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$$F(S) = d$$

F : forward model

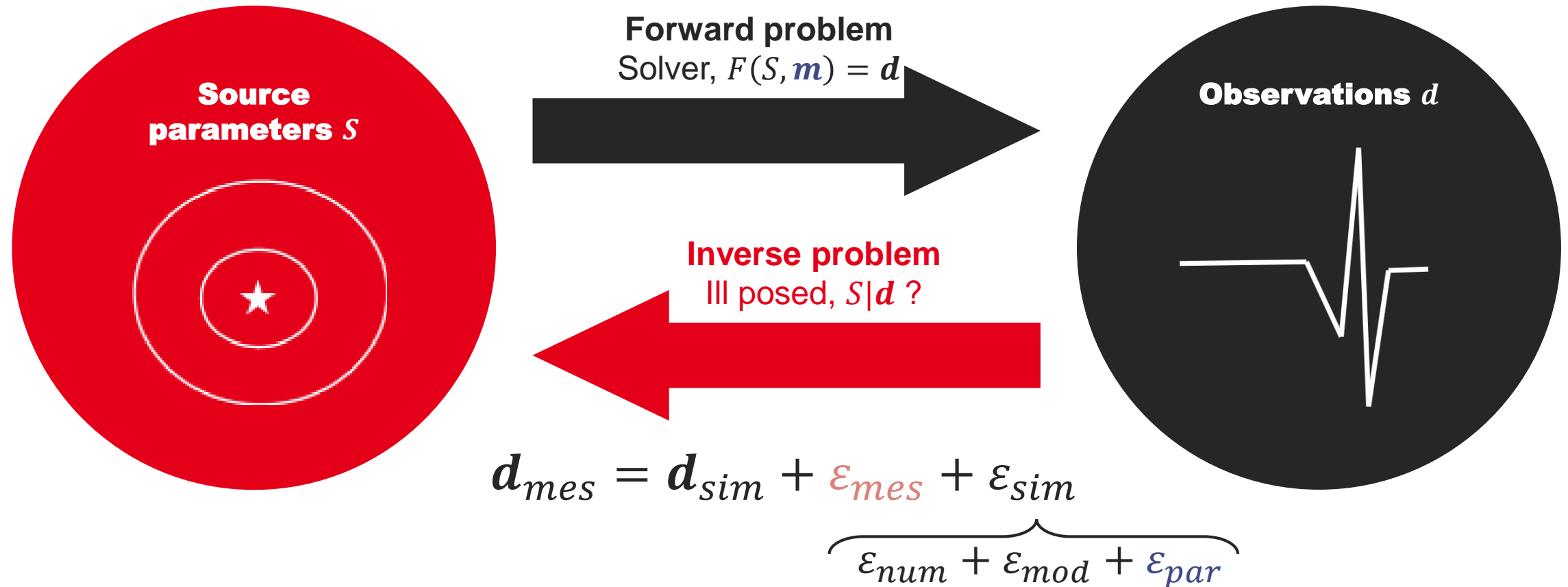
S : source parameters

d : data

Objective: retrieve S from d

- fast
- with accuracy
- with uncertainties

1. Context: Inverse problem

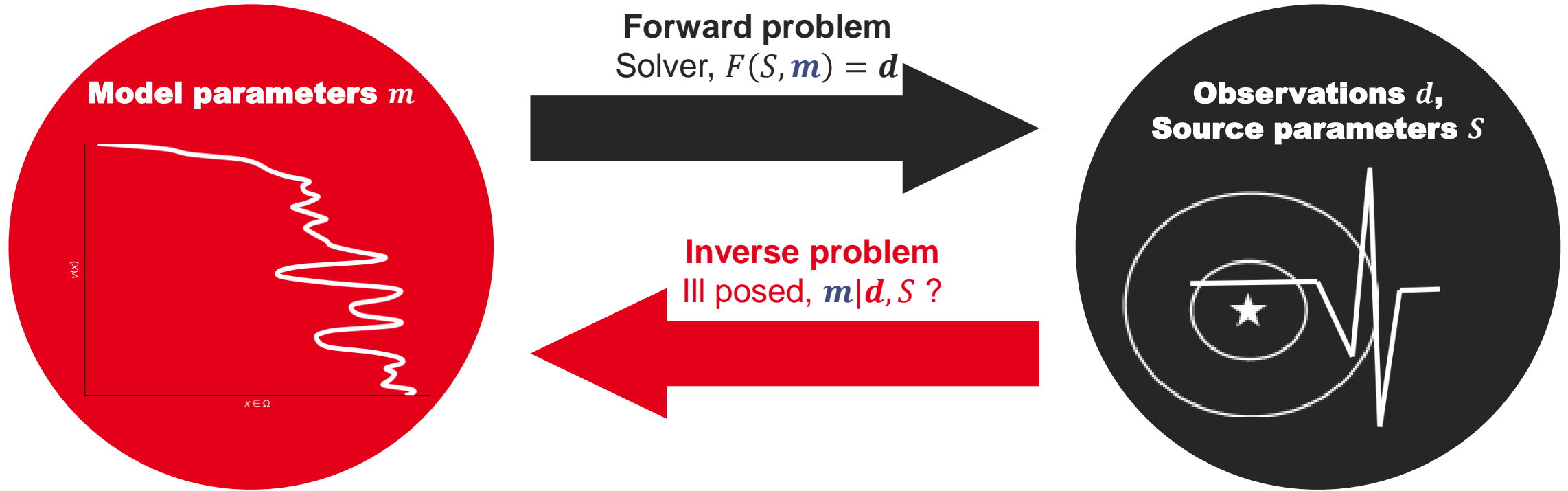


Uncertainty sources: **observations**, physical model, **model parameters**, ...

Objective: improve **uncertainty quantification** of model parameters

A. Tarantola, *Inverse Problem Theory and Methods for Model Parameter Estimation*, SIAM 2005

1. Context: Inverse problem



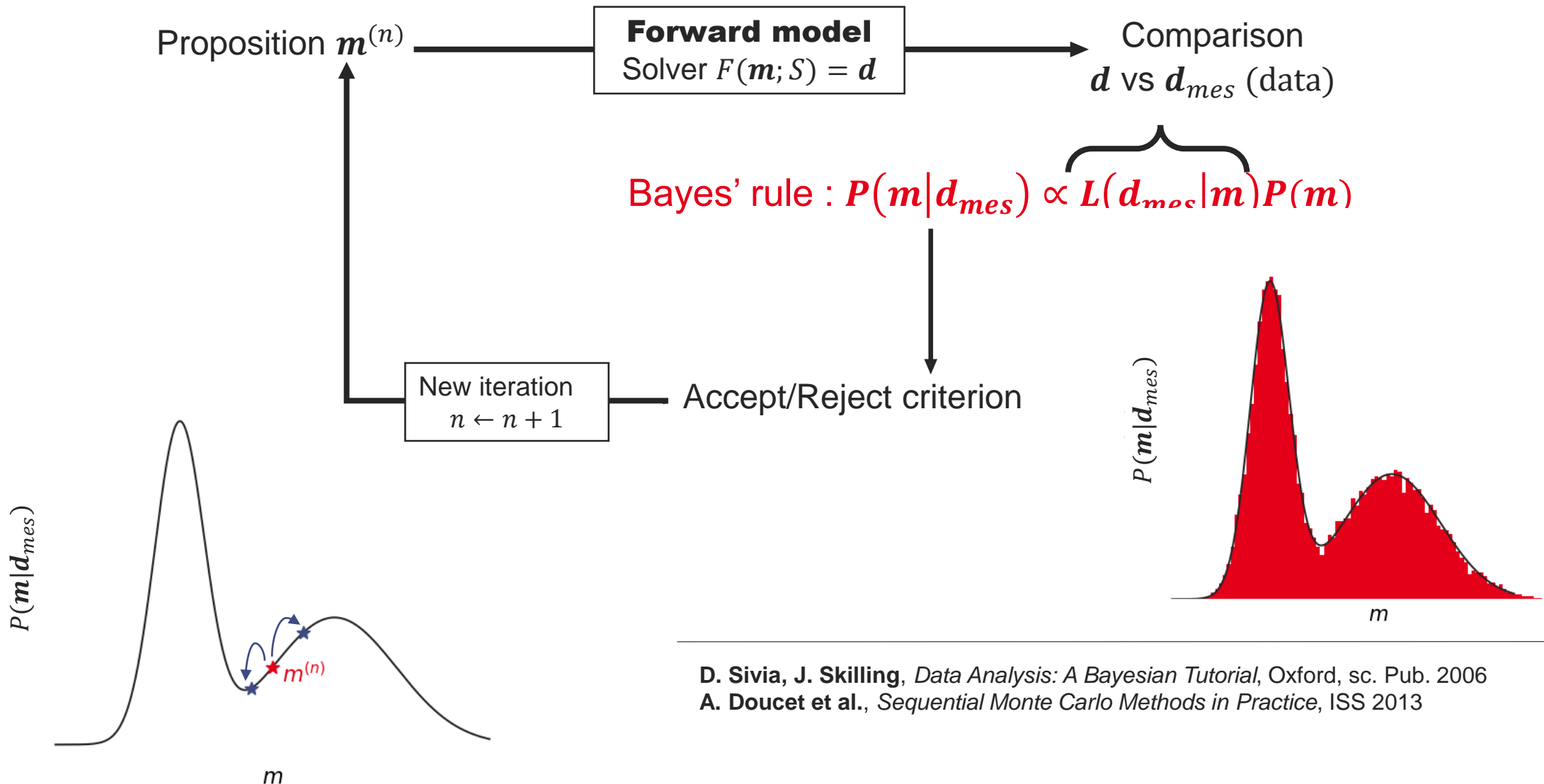
Objective: to characterize the velocity field m and its uncertainty from indirect observations d

⇒ to find the probability distribution of the field knowing the observations $P(m|d_{mes})$

A. Tarantola, *Inverse Problem Theory and Methods for Model Parameter Estimation*, SIAM 2005

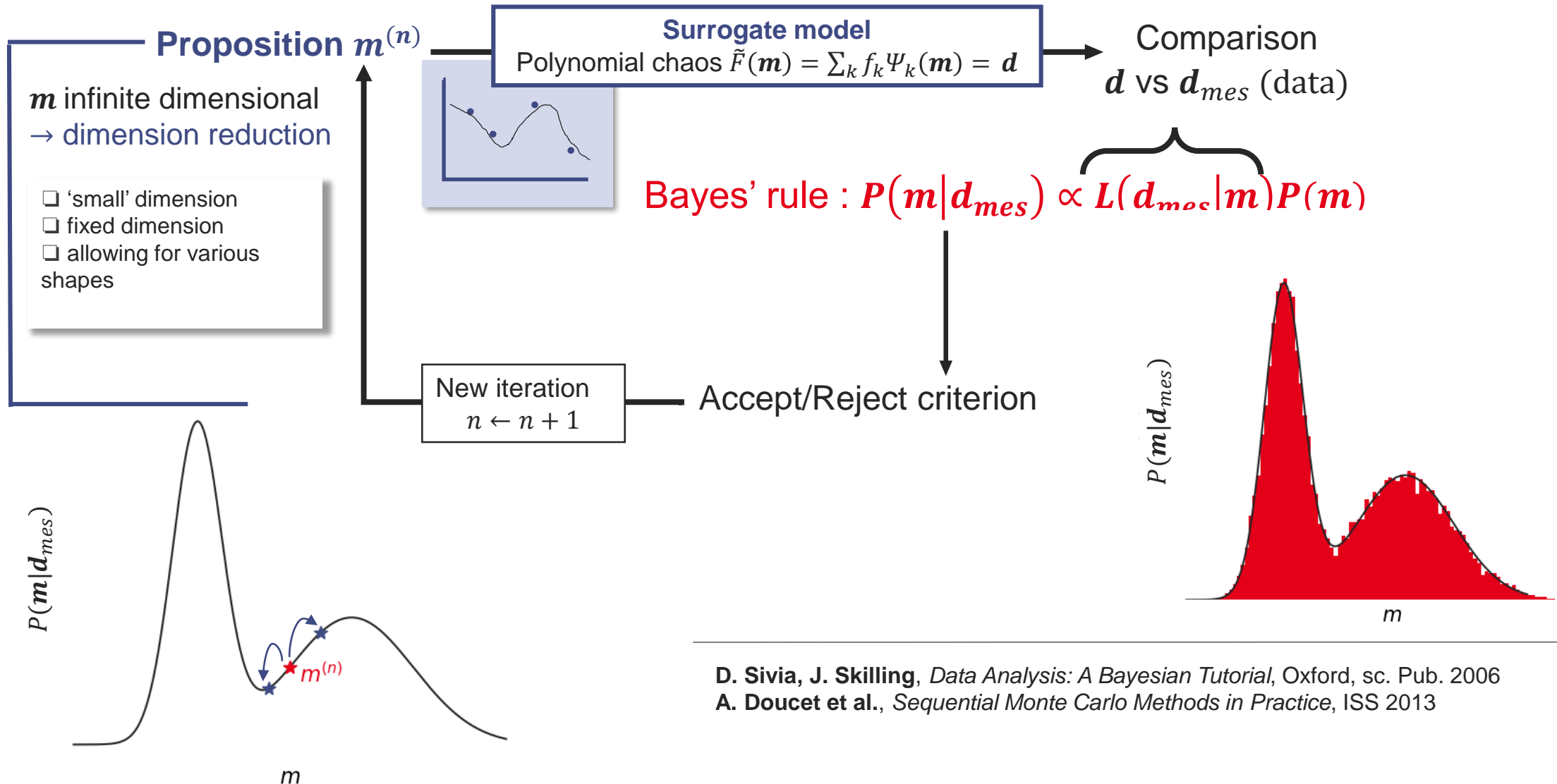


1. Context: Bayesian inference



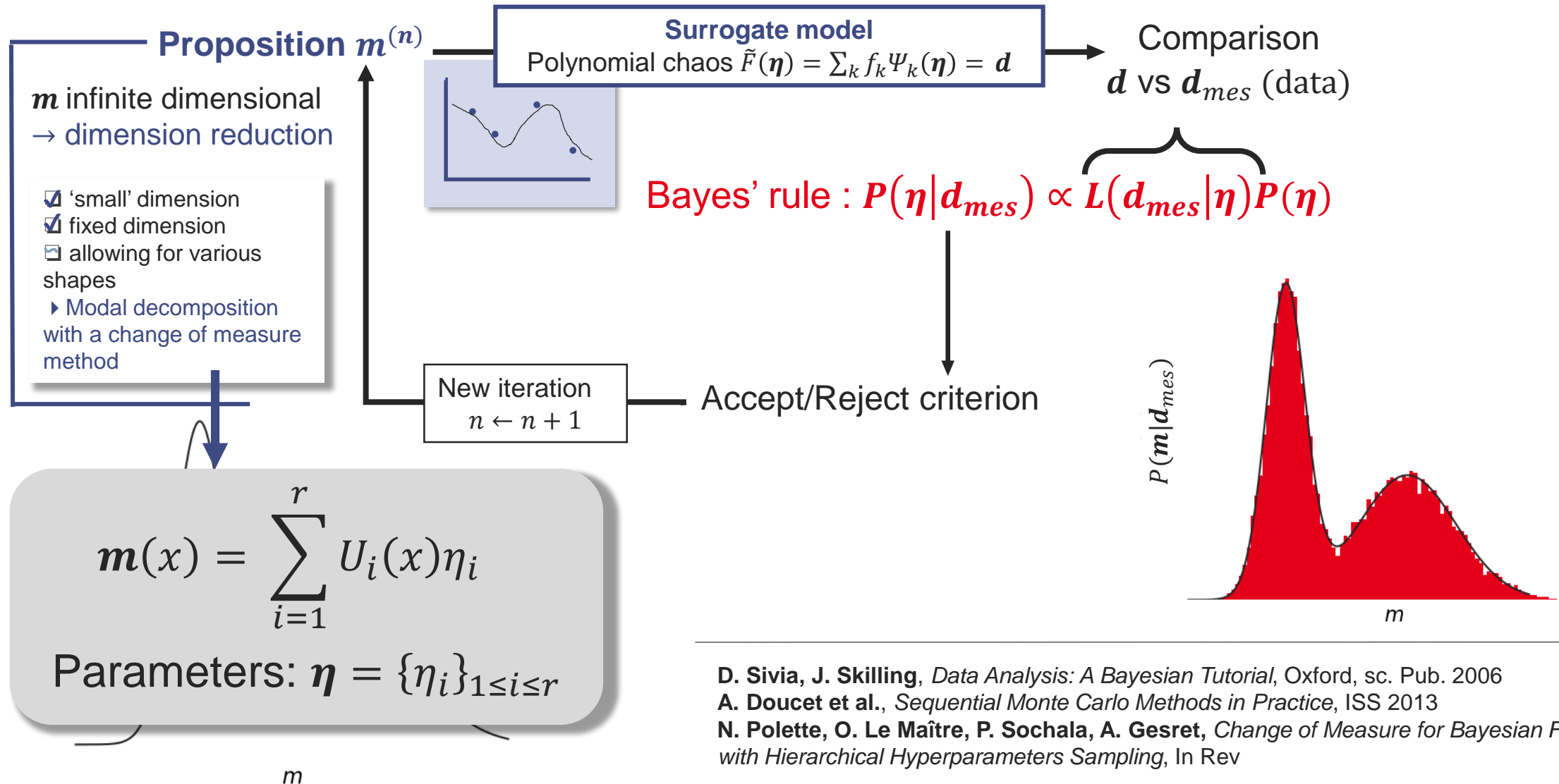
D. Sivia, J. Skilling, *Data Analysis: A Bayesian Tutorial*, Oxford, sc. Pub. 2006
 A. Doucet et al., *Sequential Monte Carlo Methods in Practice*, ISS 2013

1. Context: Bayesian inference



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A. Doucet et al., *Sequential Monte Carlo Methods in Practice*, ISS 2013

N. Polette, O. Le Maître, P. Sochala, A. Gesret, *Change of Measure for Bayesian Field Inversion with Hierarchical Hyperparameters Sampling*, In Rev



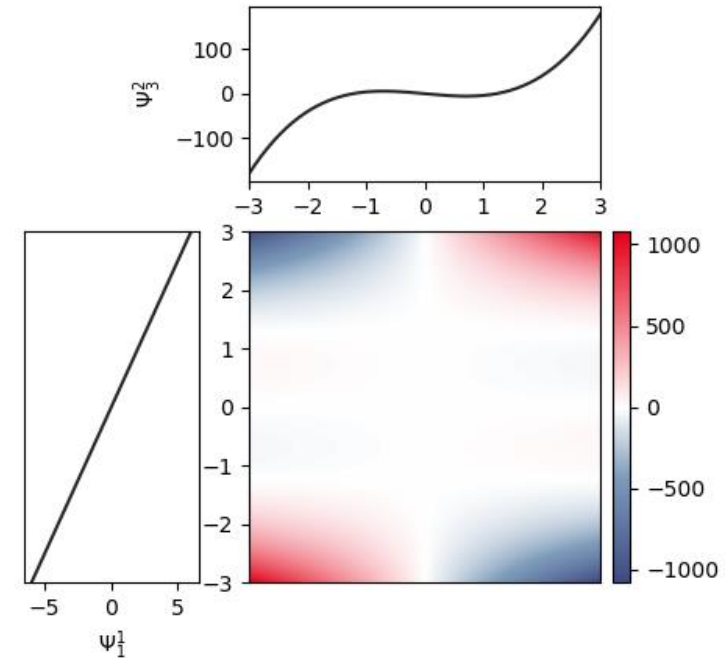
●●● 2. Initial surrogate construction: Polynomials

Surrogate model

$$\text{Polynomial chaos } \tilde{F}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \sum_{a \in A} f_a \psi_a(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \mathbf{d}$$

- A : set of multi-indices $\{(0,1,0); (2,0,0); (1,0,1)\}$
- Ψ_a : product of orthonormal univariate polynomials:

$$\Psi_{a=(a_1, \dots, a_r)}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \prod_{i=1}^r \psi_{a_i}^i(\eta_i)$$
- f_a : coefficients to compute



Example with Hermite polynomials and $a = (1,1,0)$



2. Initial surrogate construction: Coefficients

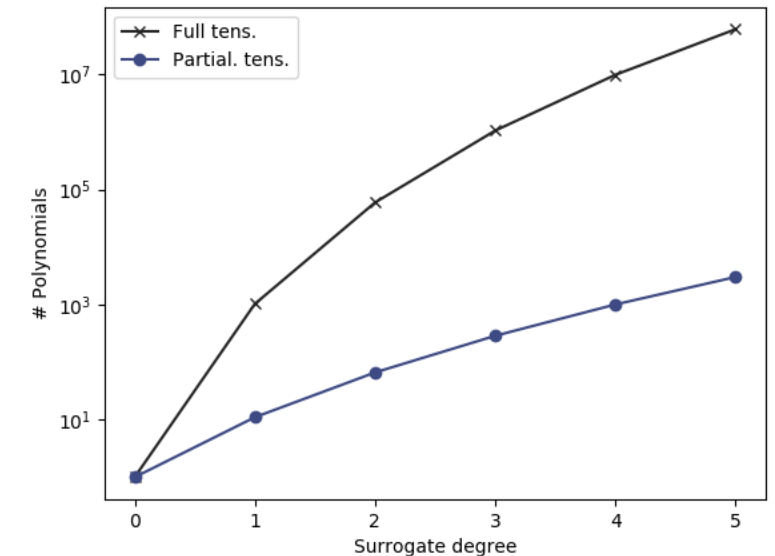
Surrogate model

$$\text{Polynomial chaos } \tilde{F}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \sum_{a \in A} f_a \psi_a(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \mathbf{d}$$

Non-intrusive ordinary least squares approach

- $\{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$, training set $N \gg K = |\mathcal{A}|$
- $\mathbf{U} = (F(\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(1)}), \dots, F(\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(N)}))^T$, training evaluations
- $\boldsymbol{\Psi} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times K}$, polynomial evaluations at training points $\Psi_{ij} = \psi_j(\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(i)})$
- $\mathbf{f} = (f_1, \dots, f_K)^T$, vector of coefficients

$$\mathbf{f} = (\boldsymbol{\Psi}^T \boldsymbol{\Psi})^{-1} \boldsymbol{\Psi}^T \mathbf{U}$$



Number of polynomials according to surrogate degree n_o ($r = 10$)

Full tensorization: $\max(n_{o,i}) \leq n_o$

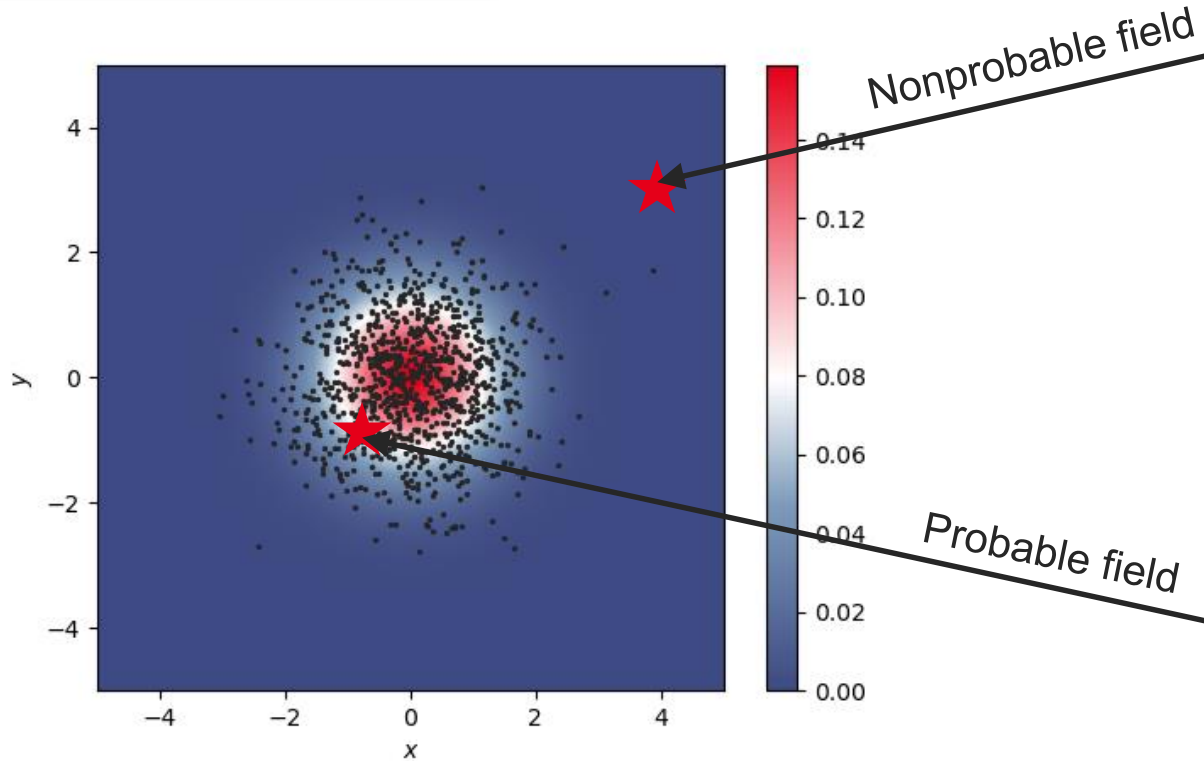
Partial tensorisation: $\sum n_{o,i} \leq n_o$



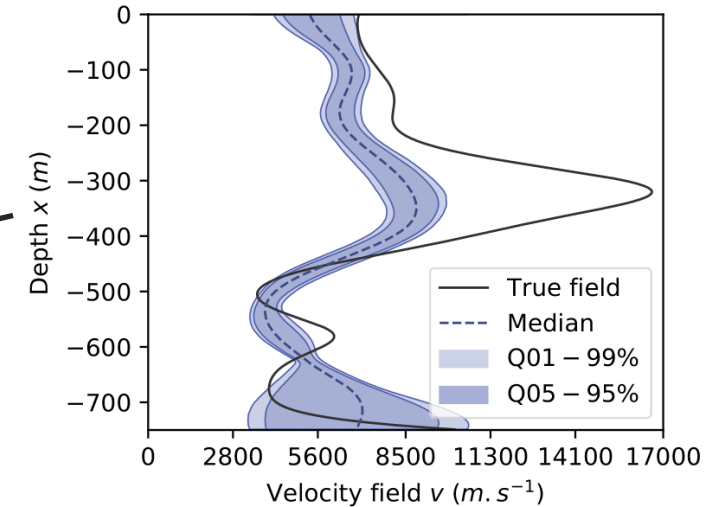
2. Initial surrogate construction: Illustration

$$P(\boldsymbol{\eta} | \mathbf{d}_{mes}) \propto L(\mathbf{d}_{mes} | \boldsymbol{\eta}) P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$$

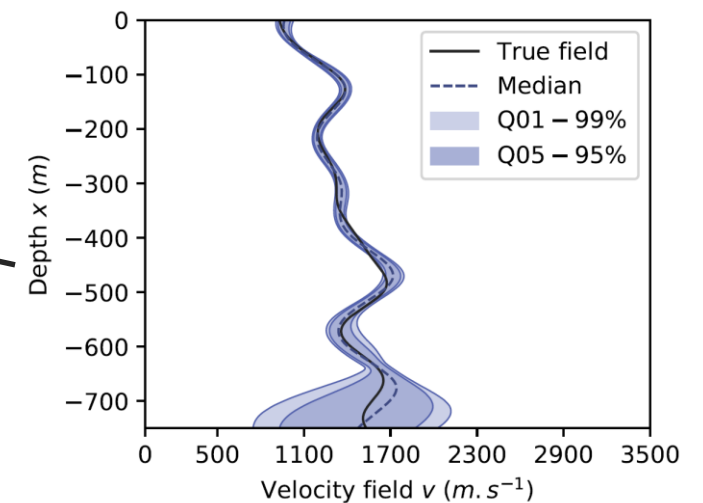
with $\mathbf{d}_{mes} = F(\boldsymbol{\eta}) + \varepsilon \simeq \tilde{F}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) + \varepsilon$



Training set and true coordinates (η_1, η_2) (red stars)



Posterior field distributions

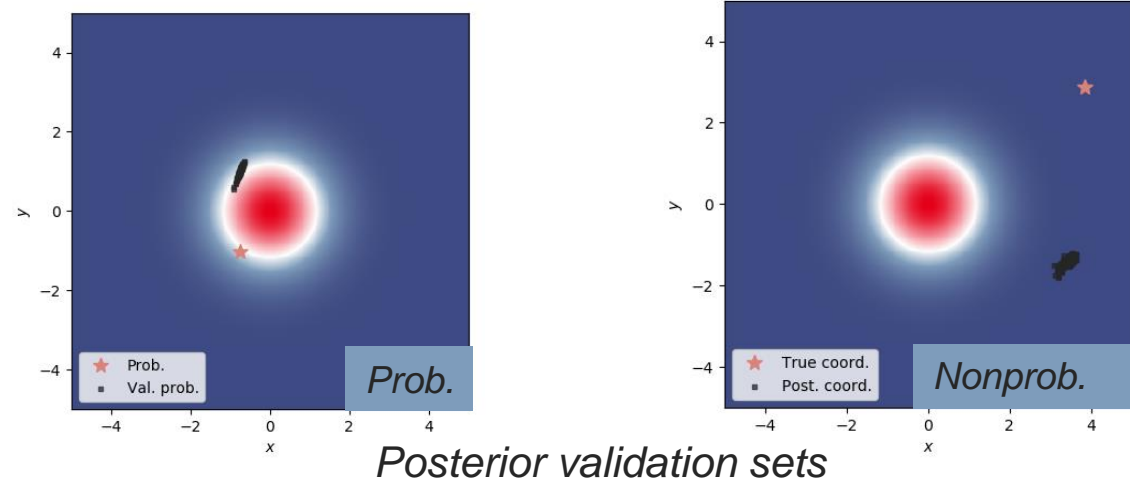




2. Initial surrogate construction: Illustration

- Initial training set $\{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- Initial surrogate $\tilde{F}(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- Monte-Carlo sampling $P(\boldsymbol{\eta} | \mathbf{d}_{mes}) \propto \tilde{L}(\mathbf{d}_{mes} | \boldsymbol{\eta}) P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- Validation

$$RMSRE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\tilde{L}(\mathbf{d}_{mes} | \boldsymbol{\eta}^{(i)}) - L(\mathbf{d}_{mes} | \boldsymbol{\eta}^{(i)})}{L(\mathbf{d}_{mes} | \boldsymbol{\eta}^{(i)})} \right)^2}$$



Case	Valid. set	$n_o = 1$	$n_o = 2$	$n_o = 3$
Probable	Prior	47.4	10.3	2.57
	Posterior	97.9	84.6	3.80
Nonprobable	Prior	26.2	7.00	2.11
	Posterior	99.8	81.0	95.5

Surrogate error RMSRE (%)

This construction does not ensure that the error on the posterior subspace is bounded.

Objective: to improve the surrogate by *minimizing the error on the final quantity of interest* $E_{P(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})} (\|L(\boldsymbol{\eta}) - \tilde{L}(\boldsymbol{\eta})\|^2)$

●●● 3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$

- While **general convergence** not achieved

- MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
- $i \leftarrow i + 1$

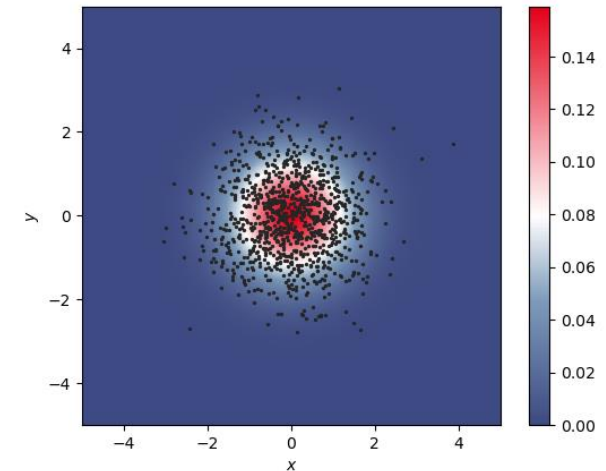
- Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

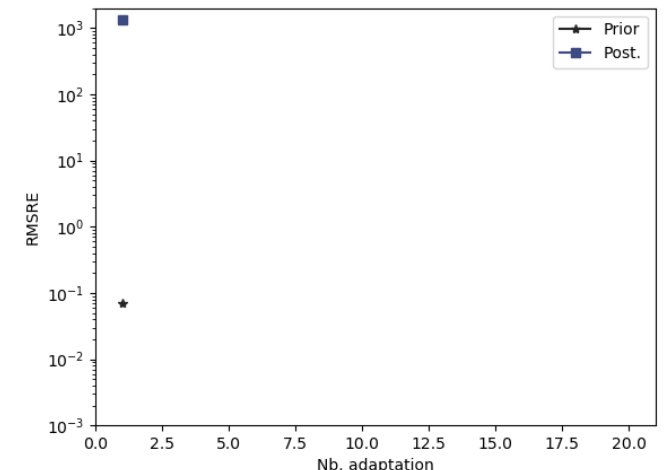
General convergence: surrogate quality

STOP if $R^2(\tilde{L}^{(i-1)}, L | X^{(i)}) > R_{target}^2$

$$\text{with } R^2(u, v | X) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (u(X_k) - v(X_k))^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(v(X_k) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n v(X_j) \right)^2}$$



Training set on prior pdf (initialization)



Surrogate error RMSRE (%)

3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

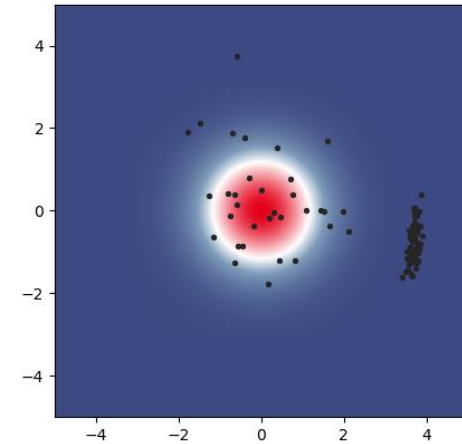
- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While **general convergence** not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

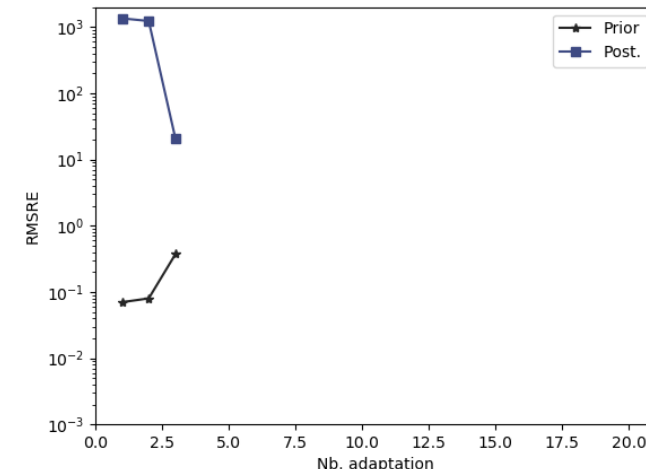
General convergence: surrogate quality

STOP if $R^2(\tilde{L}^{(i-1)}, L | X^{(i)}) > R_{target}^2$

$$\text{with } R^2(u, v | X) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (u(X_k) - v(X_k))^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(v(X_k) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n v(X_j) \right)^2}$$



Training set (adaptation nb. 1)



Surrogate error RMSRE (%)

3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

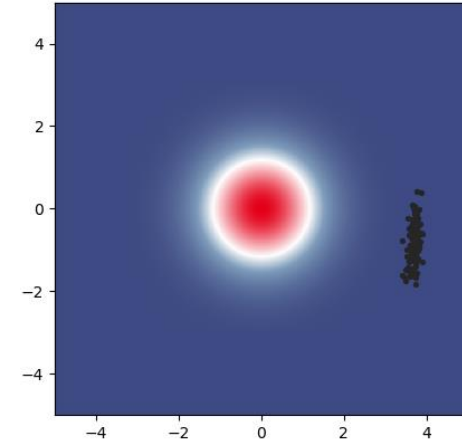
- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While **general convergence** not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

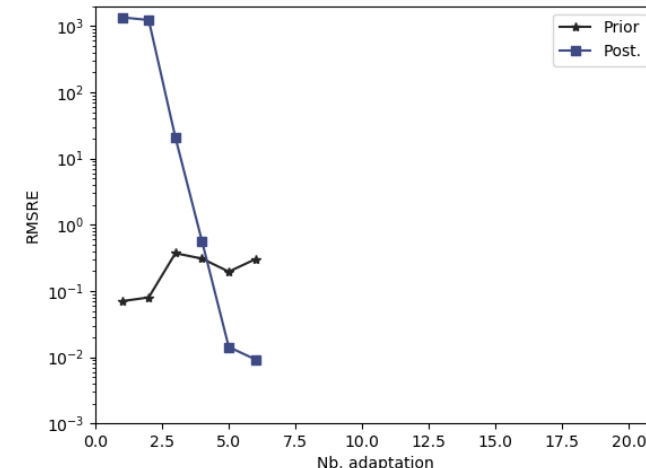
General convergence: surrogate quality

STOP if $R^2(\tilde{L}^{(i-1)}, L | X^{(i)}) > R_{target}^2$

$$\text{with } R^2(u, v | X) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (u(X_k) - v(X_k))^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(v(X_k) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n v(X_j) \right)^2}$$



Training set (adaptation nb. 6)



Surrogate error RMSRE (%)

3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

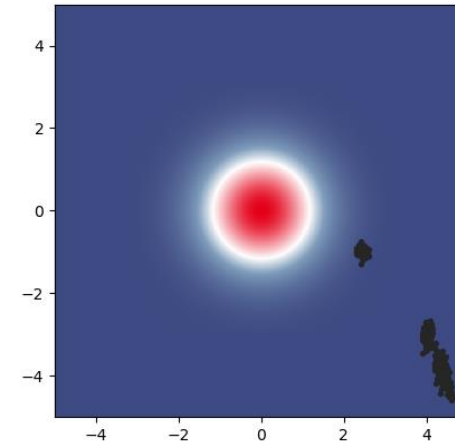
- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While **general convergence** not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

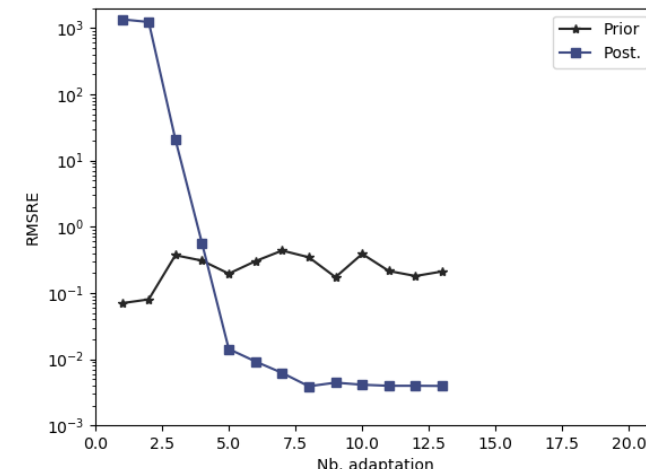
General convergence: surrogate quality

STOP if $R^2(\tilde{L}^{(i-1)}, L | X^{(i)}) > R_{target}^2$

$$with \ R^2(u, v | X) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (u(X_k) - v(X_k))^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(v(X_k) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n v(X_j) \right)^2}$$



Training set (adaptation nb. 13)



Surrogate error RMSRE (%)

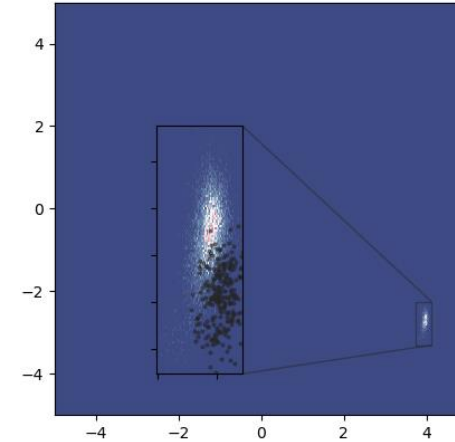


3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While **general convergence** not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

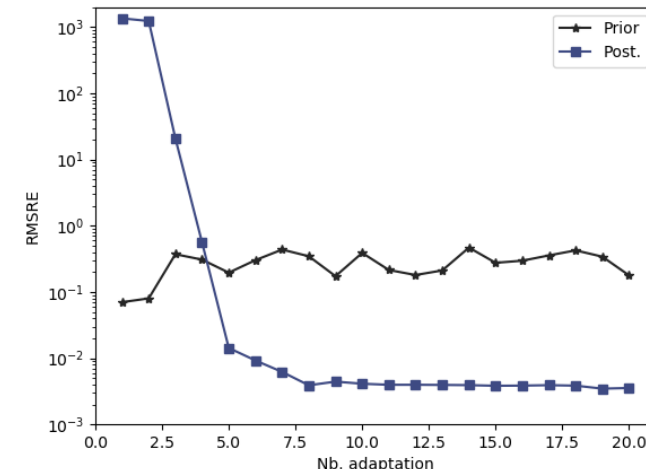


Training set on posterior pdf (final adaptation)

General convergence: surrogate quality

STOP if $R^2(\tilde{L}^{(i-1)}, L | X^{(i)}) > R_{target}^2$

$$\text{with } R^2(u, v | X) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (u(X_k) - v(X_k))^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(v(X_k) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n v(X_j) \right)^2}$$



Surrogate error RMSRE (%)



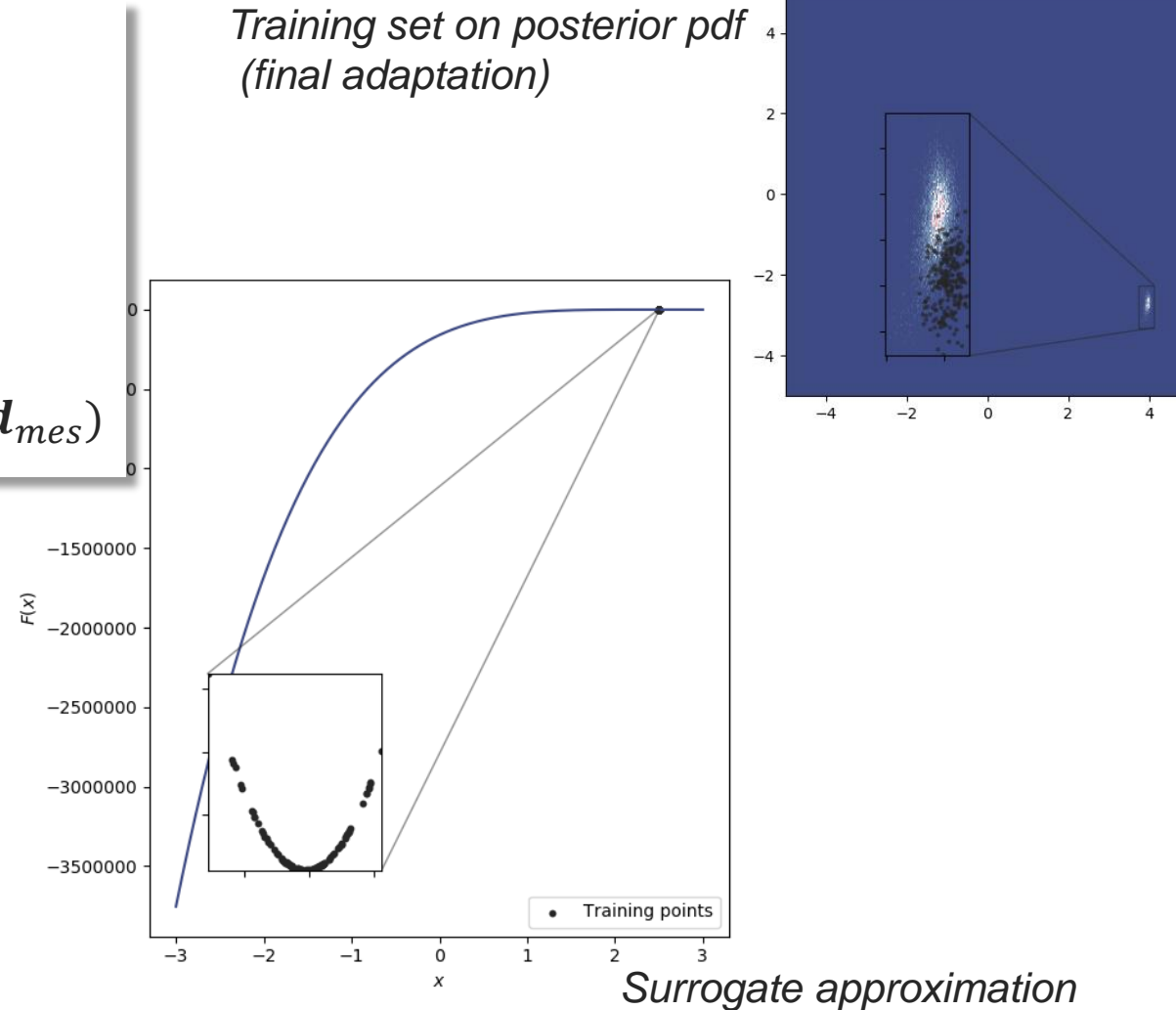
●●● 3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While** general convergence not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

All the training points **are concentrated on a small subspace** of the prior density \rightarrow surrogate not pertinent



Lucor D., Le Maître O., *Cardiovascular Modeling With Adapted Parametric Inference*, ESAIM Proceedings, 2018



●●● 3. Adaptive construction: Training set

Adaptive workflow

- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- While** general convergence not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

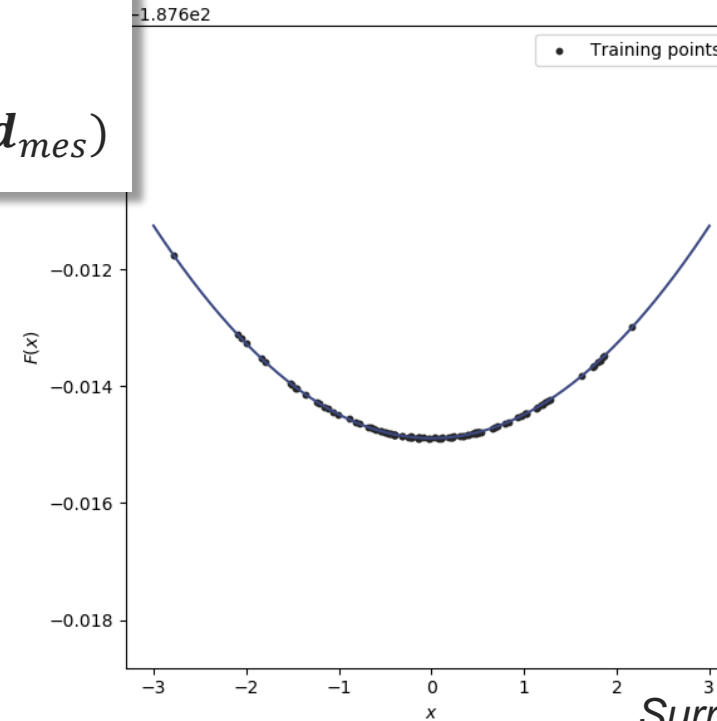
$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$

All the training points **are concentrated on a small subspace** of the prior density \rightarrow surrogate not pertinent

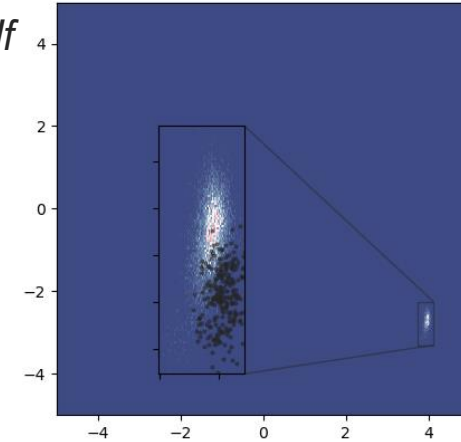
Rescaling: using mean $\bar{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ and \mathbf{C} the mean and covariance matrix of $X^{(i)}$

$$\tilde{F}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \sum_{a \in A} f_a \psi_a(\mathbf{C}^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\boldsymbol{\eta} - \bar{\boldsymbol{\eta}}))$$

Training set on posterior pdf
(final adaptation)



Surrogate approximation



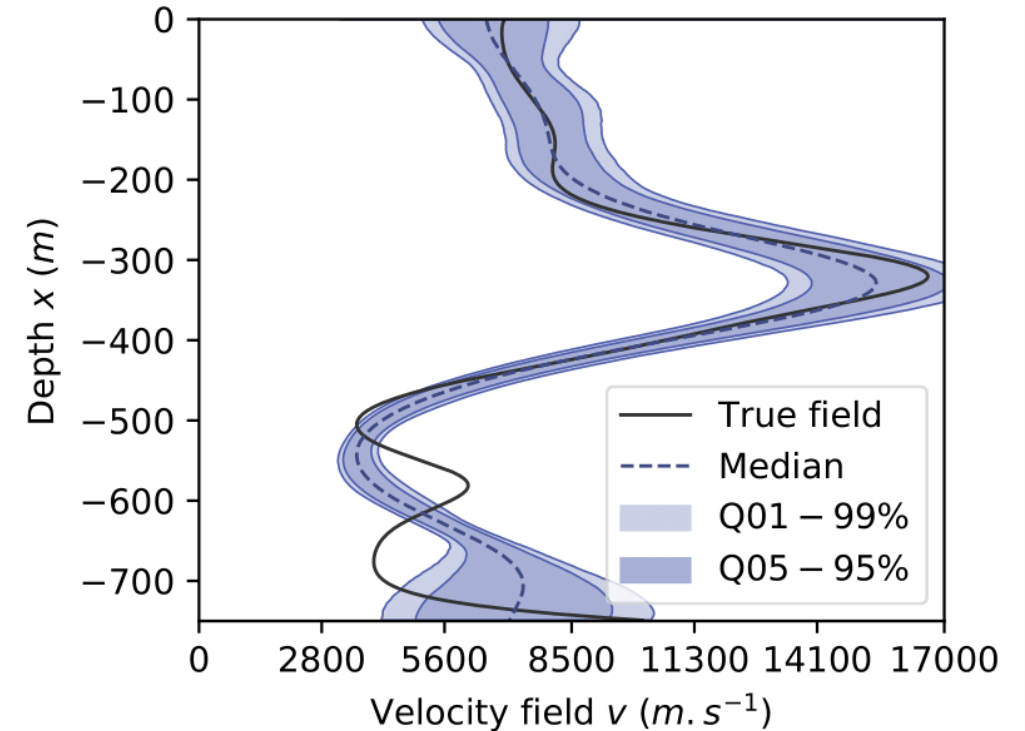


3. Adaptive construction: Polynomial order

Adaptive workflow

- Initial surrogate $\tilde{L}^{(0)}$ with $X^{(0)} = \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq N} \sim P(\boldsymbol{\eta})$
- **While** general convergence not achieved
 - MCMC with $\tilde{P}^{(i)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$
 - $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - Update training set and surrogate:

$$X^{(i)} = X^{(i-1)} \setminus X_{1 \leq k \leq n_r}^{(i-1)} \cup \{\boldsymbol{\eta}^{(n)}\}_{1 \leq n \leq n_a} \sim \tilde{P}^{(i-1)}(\cdot | \mathbf{d}_{mes})$$
 - **If** $|X^{(i)}| > 5 \times N_{PC}(n_o + 1)$: $n_o \leftarrow n_o + 1$



Posterior field distribution (nonprobable case)



●●● 3. Adaptive construction: State-of-the-art

Review (ED enrichment, sparse constructions)

→ **Teixeira R. et al.**, *Adaptive Approaches in Metamodel-based Reliability Analysis: A Review*, Structural Safety, 2021

Adaptive training sets

→ **Li, J. and Marzouk Y.**, *Adaptive Construction of Surrogates for the Bayesian Solution of Inverse Problems*, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, 2014

→ **Fu S. et al.**, *An Adaptive Kriging Method for Solving Nonlinear Inverse Statistical Problems*, Environmetrics, 2017

→ **Lucor D., Le Maître O.**, *Cardiovascular Modeling With Adapted Parametric Inference*, ESAIM Proceedings, 2018

Adaptive polynomial basis (PCE)

→ **Blatman G. and Sudret B.**, *An Adaptive Algorithm to build up Sparse Polynomial Chaos Expansions for Stochastic Finite Element Analysis*, Probabilistic Engineering Mechanics, 2010

→ **Blatman G. and Sudret B.**, *Adaptive Sparse Polynomial Chaos Expansion Based on Least Angle Regression*, JCP, 2011

→ **Poëtte G., Lucor D.**, *Non Intrusive Iterative Stochastic Spectral Representation with Application to Compressible Gas Dynamics*, JCP, 2012

→ **Zhou Y. and al.**, *Adaboost-based Ensemble of Polynomial Chaos Expansion with Adaptive Sampling*, CMAME, 2022

Dimension reduction with surrogate models

→ **Lieberman C. and al.**, *Parameter and State Model Reduction for Large-Scale Statistical Inverse Problems*, SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, 2010

→ **Vohra M. and al.**, *Fast Surrogate Modeling using Dimensionality Reduction in Model Inputs and Field Output: Application to Additive Manufacturing*, Reliability Engineering & System Safety, 2020

Conclusion

- Surrogate models require a training set
- The prior space can be very different from the posterior space
- Adaptive construction allow to improve surrogate on the space of interest while mitigating costs

Thank you !

nadege.polette@cea.fr

Keywords: inverse problem, (hierarchical) Bayesian inference, surrogate models (polynomial chaos), Markov Chain Monte Carlo, Dimension reduction, Karhunen-Loève decomposition



Bibliography

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- **A. Doucet et al.**, *Sequential Monte Carlo Methods in Practice*, ISS 2013
- **Lucor D., Le Maître O.**, *Cardiovascular Modeling With Adapted Parametric Inference*, ESAIM Proceedings, 2018